Junior Jeopardy Study Materials - Level 2/3

Topic #1: Five Pillars of Islam

What are the five pillars of Islam?

The most important Islamic practices are the Five Pillars of Islam. The five pillars of Islam are Shahada, Salah, Zakat, Sawm, and Hajj.

Shahada (Faith)

The declaration of faith in one God (Allah) and His messenger (peace be upon him).

Salah (Prayer)

The ritual prayer required of every Muslim five times a day throughout their lifetime.

Zakat (Almsgiving)

The act of giving a portion of a Muslim's wealth to those in need throughout their lifetime.

Sawm (Fasting)

The act of fasting during the holy month of Ramadan.

Hajj (Pilgrimage)

The sacred pilgrimage to Mecca required of every Muslim at least once in their lifetime if it is within their means.

What do the 5 pillars of Islam mean?

There are five key practices that all Muslims are obligated to fulfil throughout their lifetime. These practices are referred to as pillars because they form the foundation of Muslim life. The five pillars of Islam are Shahada, Salah, Zakat, Sawm, and Hajj.

Why are the five pillars of Islam important?

Each of the five pillars work in tandem with one another to bring the essence of Islam as a religion of peace and submission to Allah SWT, into the lifestyle of every Muslim:

Monotheism and the belief in Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) as the last messenger of God is the central tenet of Islam around which everything else revolves and reciting the Shahada (shahadah) in prayer each day serves to remind Muslims of this integral belief.

Salah (salat) occurs five times a day and offers five different opportunities for remembrance of Allah SWT and our purpose in this life to worship Him. The salah is the second pillar of Islam and it is a critical part of a Muslim's faith. One of the biggest differences between a Muslim and a non-Muslim is the salah. Our beloved Prophet (peace be upon him) said:

"Between a man and polytheism and disbelief there stands his neglect of the prayer."

The month of Ramadan requires every Muslim to abstain from their most basic needs and desires, like food, drink for a period each day. Every year, the Sawm gives Muslims the opportunity to gather control over their human needs. Without these distractions, Muslims can instead nurture good conduct and their connection to Allah SWT.

The word Ramadan originates from the Arabic root 'ar-ramad' or 'ramida', which means scorching heat or scarcity of rations. Ramadan is the holy month of fasting as ordained by the Quran for all Muslims who have reached puberty and who are able to keep it, and it is the fourth pillar of Islam. It falls on the ninth month of the Islamic calendar and according to the Quran has been decreed to encourage all Muslims to be pious and charitable. It is a time of meditation, reflection and self-reformation, allowing people to renew and purify their faith. This month is particularly significant in the Islamic calendar as it was in this month that the first chapters of the Quran were revealed to Prophet Muhammad (peace and blessings upon him).

While Sadaqah (charity) is greatly encouraged to be a part of everyday Muslim life, it is obligatory to offer Zakat (alms) once a year, ensuring that wealth is continuously redistributed to those who are in need of it.

Zakat Can End World Poverty

Zakat has actually completely transformed society in the past. In 98 AH, Umar ibn Abdul Aziz, 8th Ummayad Khalifah and one of the most renowned leaders of Islam organised a strict collection and distribution of Zakat. Within two years of his rule, the state was in such prosperity that they were unable to find anyone within the rule of Umar ibn Abdul Aziz who was eligible for Zakat!

If Zakat was implemented at a global scale, with everyone in the entire world giving 2.5% of their wealth to those in need, world poverty could end altogether. Even if it is not that simple, it helps to remember that at the end of the day, we will be asked only about what we did to help where we are obligated and we will be rewarded for our intentions and efforts and the positive changes brought about in the world through our Zakat and voluntary charity.

During the Hajj (pilgrimage), Muslims must each wear the same simple garments and perform the same ritual acts of devotion to Allah. Stripped of worldly distinction, people are reminded that all are equal before God. Hajj is an opportunity from Allah so that man can clean out all the past sins he has committed intentionally or unintentionally. After performing hajj man turns out just like a new born baby who has not committed any sins. Abu Hurairah narrated that the Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) said:

"He who performs Hajj for Allah's pleasure and avoids all lewdness and sins will return after Hajj free from all sins as he was the day his mother gave birth to him." [Bukhari and Muslim]

Topic #2: Aquida

Basics

1- Who is our God?

Allah

2- Who is our prophet?

Muhammad (SAAW)

3- What is our religion?

Islam.

4- What are the 6 pillars of faith?

To believe in Allah, the angels, the Books, the Messengers, the Last Day, and Fate

4- Who created everything?

Allah

5- Can prophets or messengers create anything?

No. Only if Allah gives them the ability to do so to show a miracle to their people.

6- Who is the only one that knows the future?

Allah

7- Where is Allah?

Above the throne

8- Does Allah look like anything we know? Are we gonna see Allah? When?

No,yes...in paradise

9- What does Allah want us to do?

Good deeds.

10- Where does Allah want us to go?

Paradise.

11- Can we worship a prophet or a messenger?

No

12- Who is the only one we can worship?

Allah.

- Can we pray to anyone other than Allah?

No

- Can we make du'aa to anyone other than Allah?

No

- Can we ask a dead righteous person for help, even if it is Prophet Muhammad?

No

13- Why did Allah create us?

To worship Him alone.

14- Mention two kinds of worship.

Prayer, fasting, duaa, sacrifice.

15- Does Allah have a son?

No

16- Does Allah have a wife?

No

Does Allah need to eat or drink?

No

Can the dead hear our call for help?

No.

The chair of Allah is bigger than the heavens and the earth.

The best blessing in Jennah is seeing Allah

B- Angels

16- Who is the gatekeeper of Hell?

Malik

Do the angels that punish bad people in hell suffer?

No because Allah protects them. (like Prophet Ibrahim)

17- Who is the gate keeper of heaven?

Ridwan

17- What are the angels created from? Light. 18- Can the angels disobey Allah? No 19- Was the devil from the angels? No, he was from the Jinn. Can the Jinn be Muslim and non-Muslim? Yes, because they have the free will. 20- What is the devil created from? Fire. 21- What does the devil want us to do? Bad deeds 22- Where does the devil want us to go? Hell fire. 23- Who is the angel that brought the Quran to prophet Muhammad? Angel Jibreel (AS) 24- How many wings did he have? 600 25- Who writes our good and bad deeds? The angels 26- Are the angels male or female or neither? Neither. 27- What is the name of the angel who will blow the horn on the day of judgement? Israfeel. 28- Do the angels know the future? No. Only Allah knows the future.

29- Can we make Duaa to the angels or ask them to help us?

No. We can only make Duaa to Allah.

30- Are the Angels daughters of Allah?

No

-who used to believe the angels are daughters of Allah?

The Arabs before Prophet Muhammad came to them

31- What are the names of the angels that come to us in the grave?

Munkar and nakeer.

32- how many questions do they ask us?

three

33- What are they?

A- Who is your god? B- what is your religion? C- who is your messenger?

-What happens is you answer correctly?

You go to a temporary Jennah in the grave

B- The Books

27- Who brought the books from Allah to the messengers?

The angels

28- To which prophet did Allah reveal the book called Quran?

Prophet Muhammad (SAAW)

29- To which prophet did Allah reveal the book called Enjeel?

Prophet Jesus (AS)

30- To which prophet did Allah reveal the book called (Zaboor was given to Prophet Dawuud)

Prophet David.

31- To which prophet did Allah reveal the book called Torah?

Prophet Moses (AS)

32- Which of the books that Allah revealed is still in the original language? Only the Quran.

1-Why did Allah allow all the books to be changed except the Quran?

Because these books were temporary. They were sent to a certain group of people for a short period of time. But the only book that Allah wanted to be for all people and till the end of time is the Quran.

33- Which of these books we must follow?

Only the Quran.

43- Which of these books was sent for all mankind?

Only the Quran.

44- Which of these books was never changed and will never change?

Only the Quran.

45- What is the difference between prophets and messengers?

Messengers received a book from Allah but prophets didn't.

46- What language did Prophet Eisa (AS) speak?

Aramaic

48- What language did Prophet Musa (AS) speak?

Ancient Hebrew

C- The Messengers.

Prophets and messengers are humans who were chosen by Allah to deliver the message of Islam to people and Jinn.

We must believe that Allah sent a lot of messengers and prophets before Prophet Muhammad.

Since Prophet Muhammad is the last Messenger, anyone who believes in a prophet after Prophet Muhammad is a non-Muslim.

-Who is the only prophet who is still alive?

Prophet Eisa (AS)

When the evil people tried to kill him, Allah saved him and took him up to the heavens.

36- Who is the prophet that will kill the Anti-christ (or Dajjal)?

Prophet Jesus (AS)

37 -Who is the first Prophet?

Adam (AS)

38 - Who is first Messenger? Noah (AS)

- 39 Which prophet did the scholar disagree on whether she is a prophet or not? Maryam (AS)
- 40 What if a Muslim says Maryam is not a prophet? He is still a Muslim because we don't have a clear-cut evidence that she is a prophet.

Prophet Ibrahim:

- 1- He received books from Allah
- 2- He was both a prophet and a messenger
- 3- He was very old when he got the news from the angels that he will have a son. He loved his son Isma'il so much. Allah commanded him to slaughter his son to test whether he loves his son more or Allah more. Allah didn't let him kill his son, instead he sent him a sheep to sacrifice. So the lesson we learn from here is that when we obey Allah, even if we think that the command is harsh, Allah will always protect us and reward us with something good.
- 4- He destroyed the idols that his people worshipped and put the axe on the biggest idol. Then when they asked him who did this? He said the big idol did it, ask him.

he was trying to teach them a lesson that the idols can't protect themselves, then how could they protect you?

- 4- When his people got angry at him, they threw him in the fire but Allah protected him and made it cold and safe for him.
- 6- Isaac (AS) was his other son and he had sons and grandsons that were prophets like Jacob (AS), Yusuf (AS), Musa (AS), Jesus (AS)
- 37- Who is the prophet that built the ship?

Prophet Noah (AS) (950 years is how long prophet Noah invited the evil people to be good and to worship only Allah)

38 - Why were his people making fun of him for building the ship? Because he was building it in the middle of the desert 39 - How long did he spend inviting his people to Islam and only worship Allah?

950 years

40 - Did all his family believe?

No, his son and wife didn't believe.

41 - What happened to the evil people? They drowned in the flood.

- 42 Mention the 5 best messengers.
- 1-Muhammad, 2- Jesus, 3- Moses, 4- Abraham, 5- Noah.
- 43 Who is the last prophet?

Muhammad (SAAW)

44- Can we believe in all the prophets mentioned in the Quran and Hadiths except one or two?

No

Prophet Jesus (EISA)

32- Who was the prophet who talked when he was a baby?

Prophet Jesus (AS)

- 33- Mention the miracles that prophet Jesus did (by permission of Allah)
 - 1- He healed the blind 2- he gave life to the dead by Allah's permission
 - 3- he turned clay into a real bird.
- 34- Was prophet Jesus killed or crucified or neither?

Neither.

35- Which Prophet is still alive in the sky and will come back to kill the anti-christ?

Prophet Jesus.

36- was he born from a mother and a father or only a mother?

Only a mother.

Prophet Ibraheem

5- What was the job of Prophet Ibraheem's father?

He was a sculptor. He made Idols.

51- What did the people worship?

Idols

52- Why were the people angry and wanted to throw prophet Ibraheem in the fire?

Because he destroyed their idols.

53- Did the fire hurt him? Why?

No. because Allah ordered the fire to be cold and safe for prophet Ibraheem.

Prophet Muhammad

1- Who is the last prophet?

Prophet Muhammad (SAAW)

2- What is prophet Muhammad's father's name?

Abdullah

3- What is prophet Muhammad's mom's name?

Aminah

4- How old was he when his mother died?

6 years old

5- What city was he born in?

Mecca

6- Who took care of him after his parents died?

His grandfather, then his uncle.

7- What is the name of the lady he married when he was 25?

Khadijah

8- What was protecting him and his servant from the heat of the dessert?

A cloud that Allah made hover above him

9- Who is the prophet's cousin?

Ali and he was the first child to accept Islam. Ali married Fatimah (RA) the daughter of the Prophet (SAAW)

10- How many children did the Prophet (SAAW) have with Khadija?

3 sons 4 daughter but the sons died.

11- What did the people in Mecca worship?

Idols

12- What did the evil people do to anyone who followed the prophet (SAAW)?

They beat them and they tortured them

13- When the evil people offered the prophet to stop being good and they will make him their king, did he accept?

No

D- Day of Judgement:

1-how long is the day of judgement?

For bad people 50,000 years

For good believers two rak'as (5-10 minutes)

2- Who will blow the horn to bring all the dead back to life (by Allah's permission)?

Angel Israfeel

3- Who is the first one that will be resurrected?

Prophet Muhammad.

4-What is the scale?

It will weigh our good deeds vs our bad deeds.

5- What will happen if your good deeds are more than your bad deeds?

Go to paradise.

6- What is Sirat Jahannam?

The bridge on hellfire. It is thinner than hair and sharper than sword. But if you are a good believer, you will cross it in the blink of an eye.

7- Will hell or heaven come to an end?

No.

- Who will come out of Jahannam? Muslims who had more bad deeds than good deeds.

8- Can anyone who received the message of Islam and knew it was the truth but rejected it go to paradise?

No.

9- Who are the people that will be tested in the hereafter?

The people who didn't receive the message of Islam.

10- Who is the anti Christ?

The Dajjal who will come before the day of judgement and tell people that he is God.

- What is on Dajjal's forehead?
- The word "kafir" which means disbeliever

11- What will his powers be?

He will have a paradise and hell. He will be able to bring the dead back to life. He will say to the sky "rain" and it will rain.

12- What does he look like?

He will have one good eye and one white eye. The word "kafir" or disbeliever will be written on his forehead.

E- Fate/Destiny

1- When did Allah write everything that will happen to us?

50 thousand years before He created the heavens and the earth.

2- If something bad happens to us what should we say?

Alhamdulillah maybe it is because of a sin I made or maybe Allah is rewarding me.

3- If something good happens to us what should we do?

Be thankful to Allah so that more good things happen to us.

4- Can we say, "I wish this and that didn't happen"?

No, because things that happened to us can never be changed because it is our destiny. Unless it is a mistake that we can fix.

5- describe Allah's knowledge?

Allah knows things that happened, things that are happening, things that will happen and even the things that didn't happen (he knows how they would be if they happened)

- F- Companions of Prophet Muhammad.
- 1- Who is a companion?

A good friend of Prophet Muhammad who lived and died as a Muslim.

2- Why should we love them?

Because they loved Allah and the Prophet and because they delivered the Quran and Hadiths to us so we can live a happy righteous life and go to Jennah.

3- Which of these companions did the Prophet love the most?

His wife Aisha.

4- Which of the male companions did the Prophet love the most?

Abu bakr

5- Who is the first woman to convert to Islam?

Khadijah

6- Who wrote the revelation?

The companions of prophet Muhammad

7- Who was the first man to convert to Islam?

His friend Abu bakr

8- Who was the first boy to convert to Islam?

Ali, his cousin

9- Who are the best four companions?

Abu bakr, Omar, Othman, Ali.

10- Can we curse any of the companions?

No. We love them all.

Topic 3: Seerah of Muhammad (s)

Prophet Muhammad (s) Makkan Era

1. BIRTH OF THE PROPHET (S)

Prophet Muhammad (s) was born in Makkah, Arabia, in the month of Rabi ul Awwal. His mother's name was Aminah, and father's name was Abdullah, son of Abdul Muttalib, bin Hashim bin Abd-e-Manaaf of Quraish family. Muhammad (s) belonged to Quraish tribe and Banu Hashim Family.

1. CHILDHOOD

In those days, people of Makkah sent their babies into the desert to be nursed by foster mothers from shepherds' families, and so little Muhammad (s) spent the first years of his life in the care of Halimah of the Banu Sa'd tribe.

Prophet Muhammad (s) stayed with Halimah for four years.

1. MOTHER'S DEATH

When Muhammad (s) was six years old, his mother Aminah took him to visit his uncles in Yathrib (Madinah). Young Muhammad (s) enjoyed meeting his cousins and learning to swim. They happily stayed there for a month. But sadly, on their journey back to Makkah, Aminah fell ill and died. Muhammad (s) who was only six years old at that time, returned home with his mother's maid, Umm Ayman.

His grandfather Abdul Muttalib took him in his care. Two years later, his grandfather also passed away, when Prophet Muhammad (s) was eight years old. Now Prophet Muhammad (s) was under the care of his uncle, Abu Talib.

1. MARRIAGE AND CHILDREN

Muhammad (s) grew up to be a very kind, honest and a truthful young man. He was given the titles of SADIQ and AL AMIN for his honesty and trustworthiness. When he was 25 years old, a businesswoman named Khadijah (RA), hired Muhammad (s) to trade her goods in Syria. She sent her servant, Maysarah along with the Prophet (s) on this business trip.

Muhammad (s) did very well earning greater profits than ever before and Maysarah also gave a shining report of our Prophet's superior and excellent character.

Greatly impressed by Muhammad's (s) character, Khadijah (RA) married him. She was 40 years old at that time. They were blessed with six children, two boys and four girls. The boys died in infancy.

Names of his children with Khadijah were: BOYS (Tahir and Qasim); GIRLS (Zaynab, Ruqayya, UmmKulthum and Fatima).

Prophet (s) had another son named Ibrahim with his wife Maria Qibtiyya. He also passed away in infancy.

1. PROPHETHOOD

Muhammad (s) used to spend a lot of time in Cave Of Hira. Staying alone for days in that cave, he would ponder upon the truth of this life and spend his time in prayers.

One day in the month of Ramadan, Angel Jibril appeared to him, held him and asked him to read and so taught him the first five ayahs of Surat Al Alaq. These were the first revealed verses of Quran.

After sharing the entire incident with Khadijah, she comforted him and took Muhammad (s) to her cousin Warqa bin Nawfil, who reassured the Prophet (SAW) that his experience had been genuine.

Warqa Bin Nawfil who was learned in Christian and Jewish books confirmed, that Muhammad (s) is indeed a Prophet of Allah.

Prophet (SAW) at this time was forty years old when he was granted Prophethood.

1. THE FIRST BELIEVERS

The Prophet SAW after his first experience of revelation, came to accept his role as Allah's Messenger with Khadija's help. She was the first person to believe in Allah's message and accept Islam. Next was Ali Ibn Talib, Muhammad's (s) cousin who accepted Islam. Ali at that time was only 10 years old.

Abu Bakar (RA) and Zaid Bin Haritha were also among the first people to accept Islam.

At first Prophet Muhammad (s) taught khadija and a small group of friends how to pray, and they would pray together. Prophet (s) would preach Islam secretly and continued teaching it for three years.

1. PUBLIC CALL TO ISLAM

Three years later, he was commanded to give the message of Islam openly and in public. Prophet Muhammad (s) started teaching Islam to the people of Makkah but with very little success. The Quraysh were not happy with him and tried to stop him several times from spreading the message of Islam.

They treated Muhammad (s) very badly. Also, his companions were not treated well. Muhammad (s) permitted his companions to migrate to Habasha (Ethiopia).

1. THE YEAR OF SORROW

Muhammad's (s) family and people who were accepting his message were suffering great hardships at the hands of Quraysh. During this period, his beloved wife Khadija (RA) and his uncle Abu Talib passed away. Muhammad (s) was very sad, as both of them were very near and dear to him and had supported him in good and bad times. Even though his Uncle Abu Talib did not accept Islam, he had always protected his nephew Muhammad (s) from the people of Quraysh and always stood by his side.

Now with the death of his uncle, the Prophet (s) was without protection and his enemies were happy and redoubled their brutalities.

1. TAIF

During his tenth year of Prophethood, Muhammad (s) visited a town outside of Makkah called Taif, with Zaid Bin Haritha to invite people to Islam and hoping to get protection. But the people of Taif were very cruel to our beloved prophet (s) and threw stones at him and chased him out of town.

Bleeding and tired, he took shelter in the garden of Utbah Bin Rabi'ah.

1. **10.THE NIGHT JOURNEY (MI'RAAJ)**

The journey of Mi'raaj (night journey) took place after the 11th year of Prophethood.

Muhammad (s) was taken by Angel Jibril from Makkah to Masjid-Al-Aqsa in Jerusalem on the Burraaq, a horse like animal with a lightning speed. From Jerusalem, he went to seven heavens where he met all the previous Prophets and Allah (SWT) gave Muhammad (s) a gift of five daily Prayers (Salaah). This whole journey of going from Makkah to Jerusalem and then ascending to seven heavens and coming back to Makkah, took place in just one night in the month of Rajab.

1. 11.MIGRATION TO MADINAH

The deaths of the Prophet's wife Khadija (RA) and his uncle Abu Talib, encouraged the enemy to oppress and harass Muhammad (s) and stop him from spreading the message of Islam.

Nevertheless, the Prophet (s) continued to successfully convey the message of Islam. A small group of people from the tribes of Yathrib (Madinah), met him at a place called Aqabah and accepted Islam. They also invited the Prophet (SAW) to live in Yathrib (Madinah).

This made Quraysh very angry, for Islam was now also spreading in Yathrib (Madinah).

The people of Quraysh sketched a plan to kill Muhammad (s). But Allah (SWT), had some other plans for our prophet (s).

Allah (SWT) commanded Muhammad (s) to leave for Madinah. The Prophet (s), therefore accompanied by Abu Bakr (RA), left Makkah for Madinah in the 13th year of his prophethood.

They stayed in the Cave Of Thawr for three days, before eventually migrating to Madinah.

The Prophet's (s) journey from Makkah to Madinah is called HIJRA.

This migration was the first real step towards the worldwide spread of Islam.

<u>Topic #4</u>: Surah Iklhas, Surah Al Falaq

English	Arabic
say	قُلْ
He is	هُوَ
Allah	اللهُ
The one (and only God)	أَحَدْ
He needs no one but everyone needs Him	الصَّمَد
He didn't/doesn't give birth	لَمْ يَلِد
and	وَ
He wasn't/isn't born	لَم يُولَد
There wasn't/isn't for him	و لَمْ يَكُنْ لَه
Any equals	كُفواً أَحَد

say	قُل
I seek refuge	أَعُوذُ
With the lord of	بِرَبّ
Daybreak/ morning	ٱلْفَلَقِ
from	مِن
The evil of	شَرّ
what	ما
He created	خَلَقَ
darkness	غاسِقٍ
when	إِذَا
It comes/settles	وَقَبَ
Black magic people	ٱلنَّفَّاتَٰتِ فِي ٱلْعُقَدِ
envier	حَاسِدٍ
He envies	کسک